

Digital Imaging Infrastructure

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IMAGING
SCIENCES

PACS/RIS/DIN Definitions

PACS = Picture Archiving & Communications Systems

RIS = Radiology Information System

DIN = Digital Imaging Network

- PACS/RIS are medical devices, not merely information systems.
- Complex automation systems for acquiring, transmitting, managing, storing and displaying digital diagnostic images and associated text information.
- PACS/RIS systems are the application of information age technology to *improve the quality and efficiency* of radiology services.
- Enable integration of new and existing medical record data including image, biosignal, textual and demographic data toward a filmless and paperless operation.

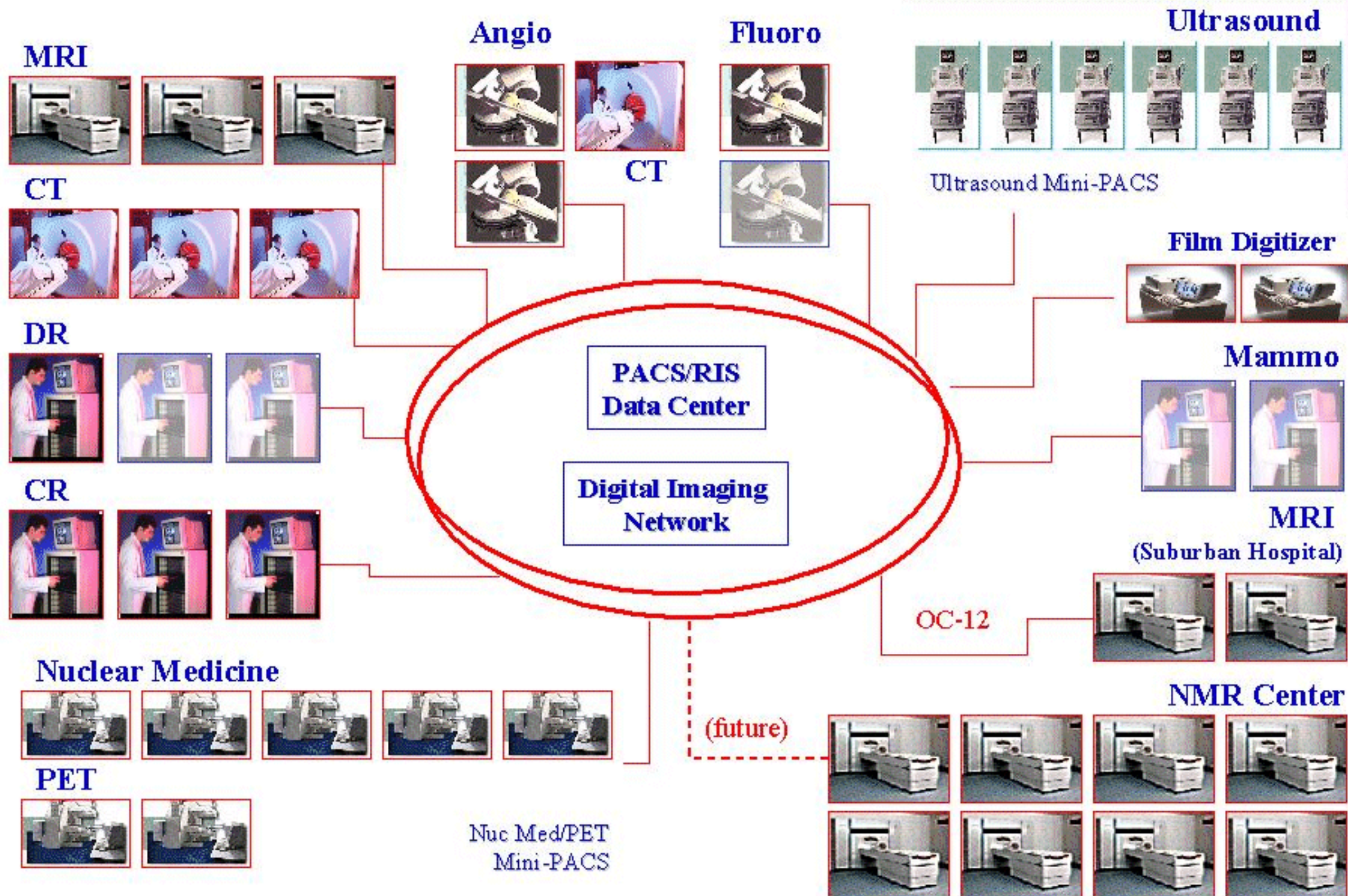
Why PACS/RIS?

- Decrease number of repeated examinations.
- Decrease/eliminate film and chemical costs.
- Decrease turnaround time of exams.
- Improve access to prior studies.
- Improve the quality of images.
- Decrease frequency of misidentified images.
- Improve equipment availability.
- Improve efficiency of after-hours interpretation.
- Improve availability of images and reports.
- Minimize/eliminate lost films.
- Low fat, tastes great!

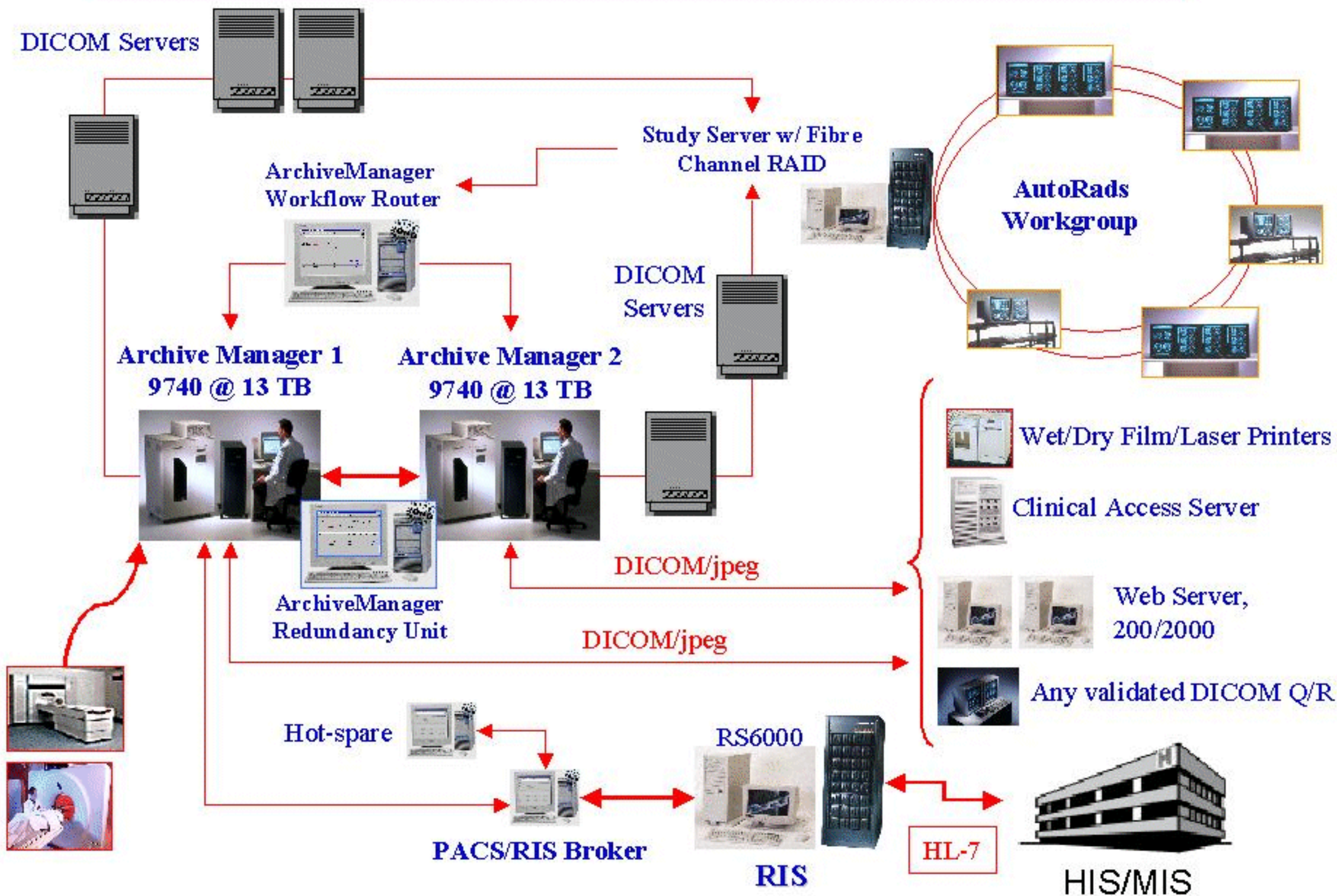
Additional Motivation for PACS/RIS

- Acquire, distribute and archive images from all medical imaging modalities in digital form;
- Use fast networking for transferring and accessing any part of a patient's file from any location within NIH/outside;
- Reduce the time needed for an examination to become available to the attending and referring physicians;
- Support to interhospital data exchange (teleradiology/telemedicine).
- Improve medical image interpretation with the use of image processing tools (e.g., multimodality image registration, segmentation, enhancement, etc.);
- Facilitate short- and long-term image and medical data archiving.

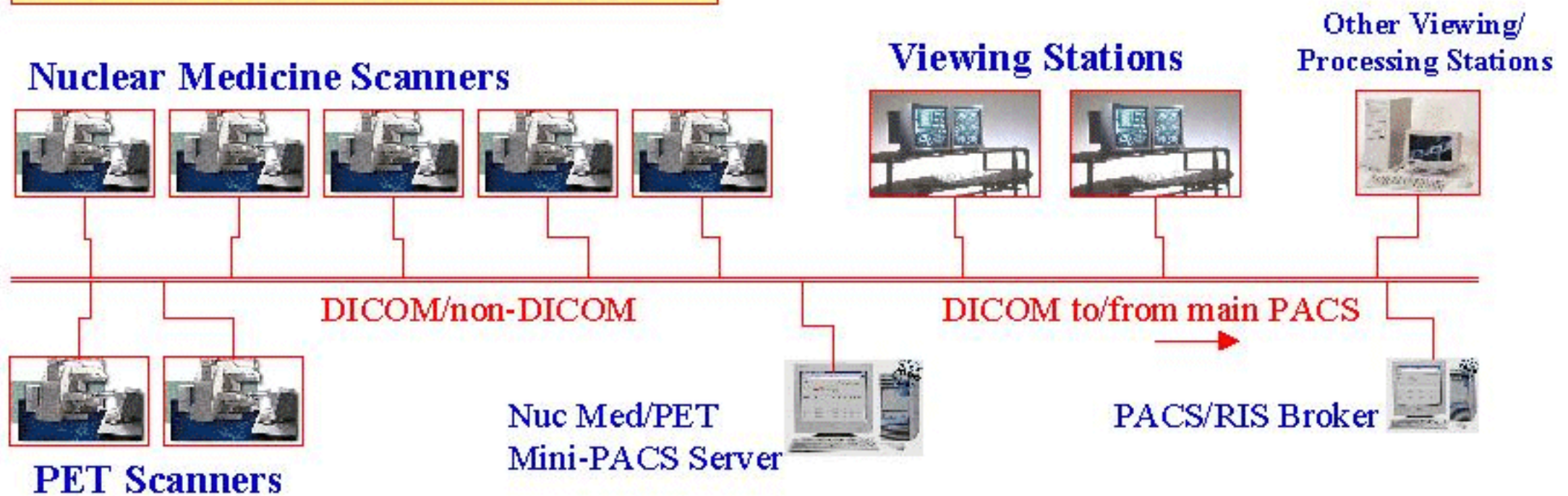
NIH Imaging Sciences: Imaging Modalities



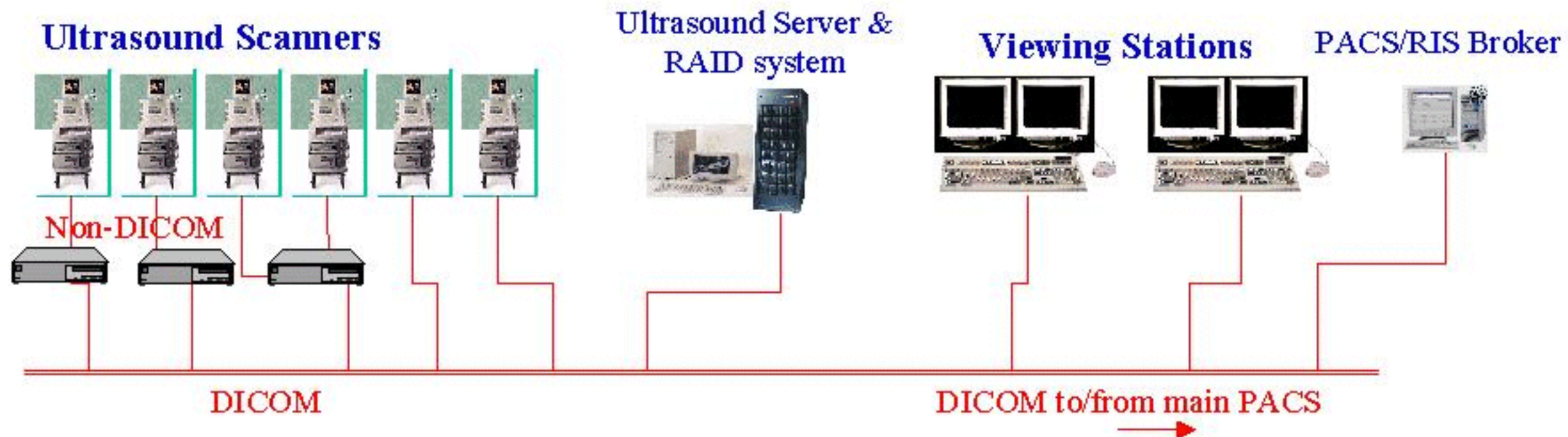
PACS/RIS Data Management Center



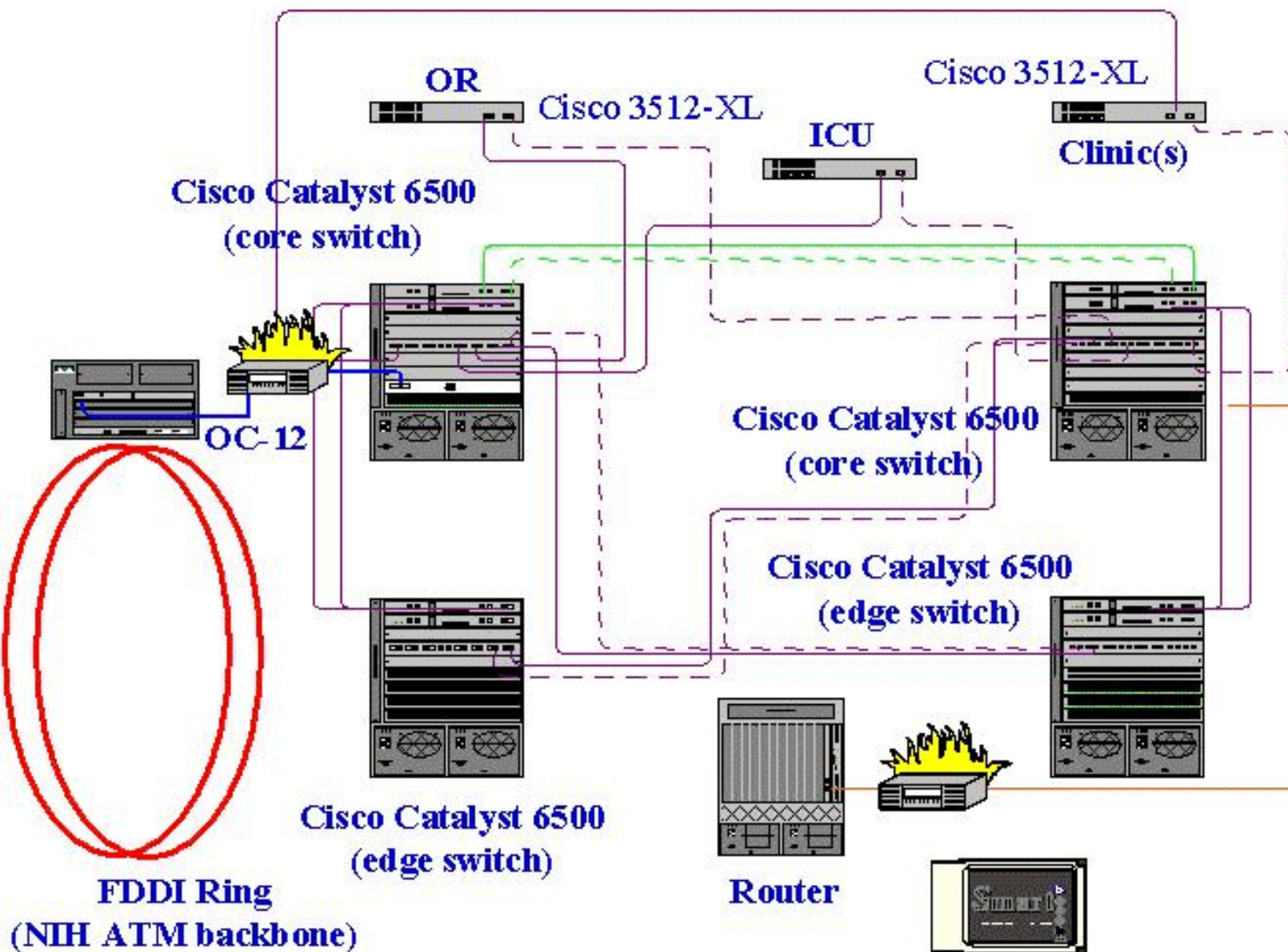
Nuc Med/PET Mini-PACS



Ultrasound Mini-PACS

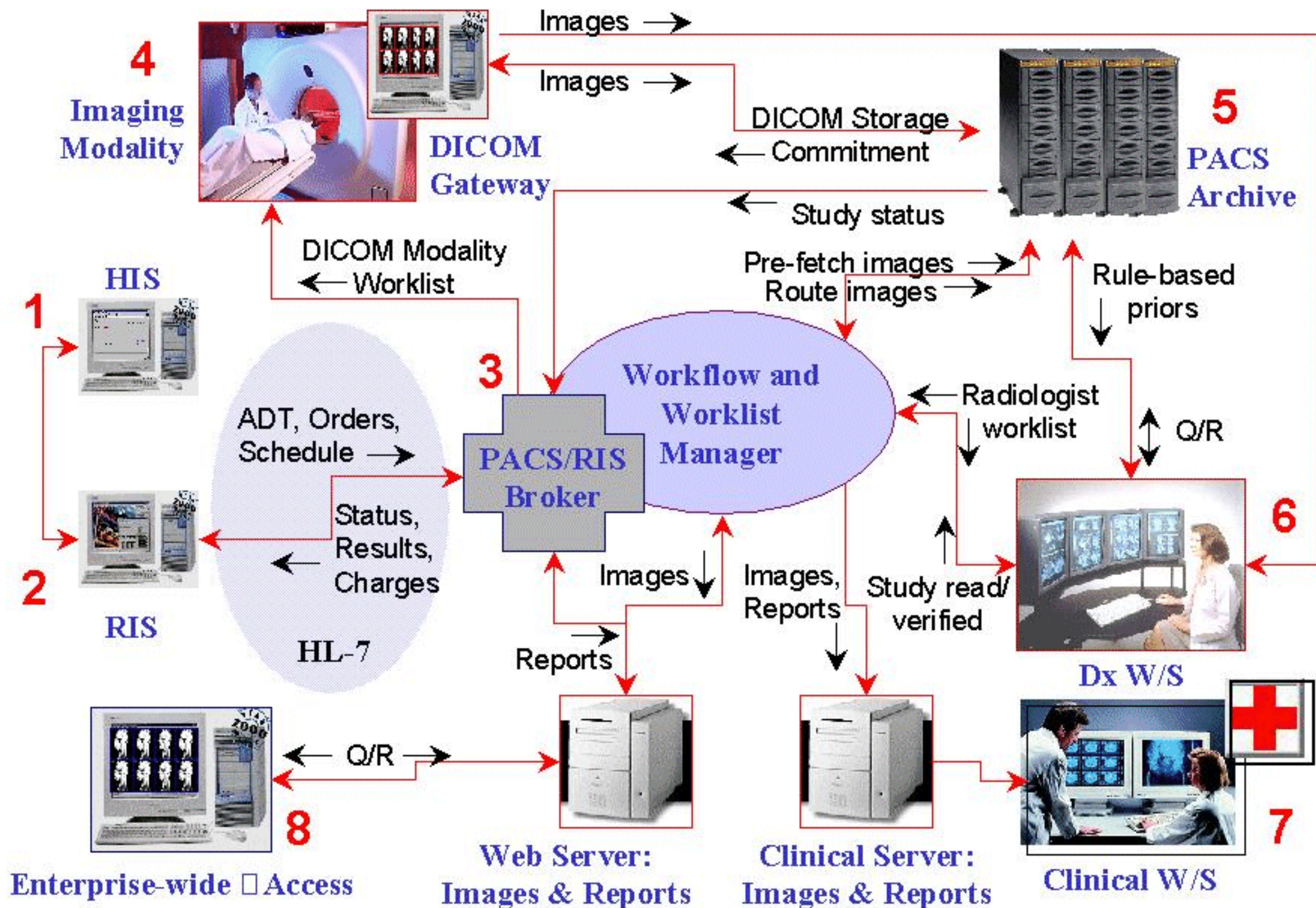


Digital Imaging Network

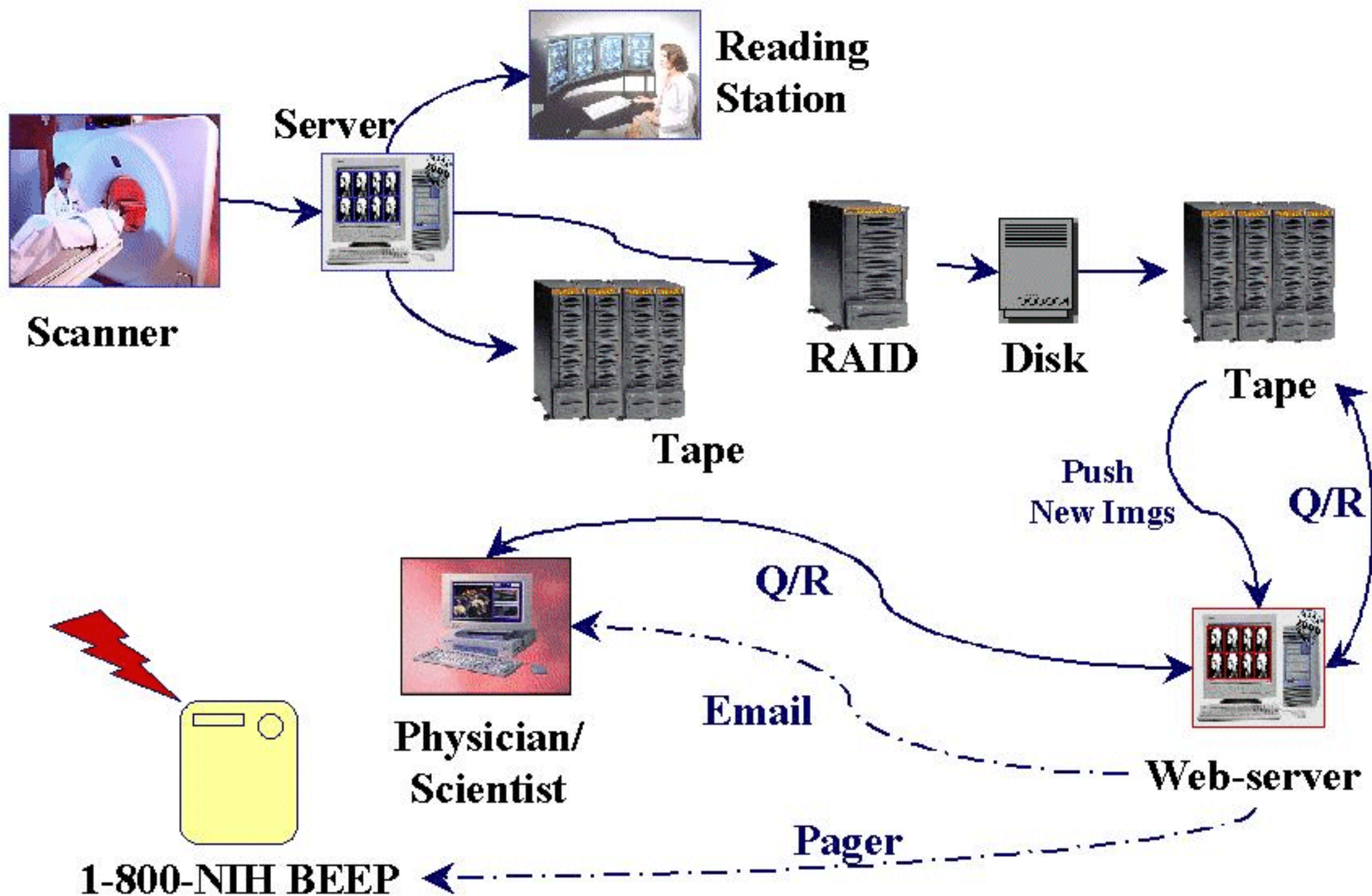


- Redundant (at highest level) meshed network;
- High-performance, gigabit and multi-layer intelligence (up to 150Mpps);
- 4GB backbone (full-duplex), 32 GB backplane;
- Support multiple protocol and VLAN switching;
- Initially, network with 225 copper drops; each drop consists of 2 CAT5 cables using redundant wire paths;
- Fiber cabling for 25 drops;
- Cisco Works 2000 network monitoring package;
- 24x7 coverage by Kodak;
- Two Pix firewall servers (full redundancy); encryption soft; VPN soft; Secure ID; PACS/RIS security policy

PACS/RIS/HIS Workflow



PACS: Web Solution



PACS and Image Processing

